# Disentangling Credit Spreads and Equity Volatility Author: Adrien d'Avernas

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### Research Question

- What are the forces driving credit spreads?
  - ▶ Default risk?
  - Stochastic discount factor?
  - Liquidity?
- Which shocks were important in explaining credit spread throughout the financial crisis?
  - Firms' cashflow levels?
  - Idiosyncratic cashflow volatility?
  - Aggregate cashflow volatility?
  - Risk prices?

# Approach and Contribution

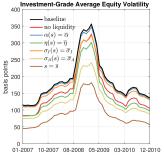
- "State of the art" corporate default model: Chen et al. 2015
  - Markov-modulated geometric Brownian motion for cashflows
  - ▶ Long run risk SDF (agg. state  $s_t$ )
  - Liquidity friction in bond markets
  - Strategic default
  - "Calvo-style" upward leverage adjustment
- Calibration / Estimation
  - ► Bansal & Yaron 2004 preference parameters
  - ▶ Idio. and agg. cashflow vol.  $\sigma_{j,A}^I(s), \sigma_{j,A}^A(s)$  estimation
  - ▶ Hidden agg. Markov state  $\{s_t\}$  estimation
  - Aggregate output vol. tied to aggregage cashflow vol.
  - State-dependent output growth and recovery rate estimation
  - Cashflow growth calibrated to match 8-yr default rate
  - Liquidity friction parameters calibrated

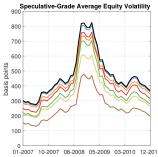
#### Results

Credit spread decomposition

	Investment Grade	High-Yield
Default Risk	26%	52%
SDF	44%	32%
Liquidity	30%	16%

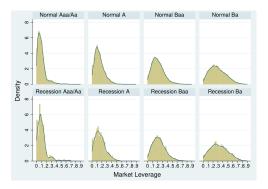
- Financial crisis contributors:
  - ▶ Large increase in aggregate asset vol.  $\sigma_{i,A}^{A}(t)$  (2 channels)
  - Large drop in firm's cash-flow levels  $Y_i(t)$





## Thoughts on Future Research

- Disciplining capital structure decisions
  - Calvo-style capital structure adjustments? (D'Avernas 2017)
  - ► Fixed adjustment costs? (Goldstein & Ju & Leland 2001)
  - ► Smooth adjustments? (De Marzo & He 2016)



- Term structure of credit spreads and returns
- ▶ SDF estimation

